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IRTHLINGBOROUGH URBAN
DISTRICT

ANNUAL REPORT

of the
Medical Officer of Health
for the
Year 1947

J. T. W. Reid, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

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Irthlingborough Urban District.

SUMMARY OF VITAL STATISTICS, 1947.

Area (acres)	2,910
Population 1921 (census)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,911
„ 1931 (census)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,621
„ 1947	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,812
Number of separate dwellings occupied 1921 (census)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,002
„ „ „ „ „ 1931 (census)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,208
„ „ „ „ „ 1947	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,428
Rateable value, 1947	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	£20,137
Product of a penny rate, 1947	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	£84

Live Births.

					<i>Total</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Rate</i>
Legitimate	...	...	...	...	81	39	42	
Illegitimate	...	...	...	...	4	2	2	
					85	41	44	17.64

Stillbirths.

					<i>Total</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Rate</i>
Legitimate	—	—	—	
Illegitimate	—	—	—	
					—	—	—	Nil.

					<i>Total</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Rate</i>
Deaths (all causes)	...	...	...	...	59	26	33	12.26

Deaths from Puerperal Causes.

Puerperal and post-abortive sepsis	...	...	...	...	nil.
Other puerperal causes	...	...	...	...	nil.

Infant Mortality—rate per 1,000 live births.					<i>Total</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Rate</i>
Legitimate	...	...	...	...	2	—	2	24.69
Illegitimate	...	...	...	...	—	—	—	nil.
					2	—	2	23.52

Deaths from Cancer (All ages)	...	...	...	...	9
„ „ Measles (All ages)	...	...	...	...	nil.
„ „ Whooping Cough (All ages)	...	...	...	...	nil.
„ „ Diarrhoea (under 2 years)	...	...	...	...	nil.

Irthlingborough Urban District Council.

Members of the Public Health Committee :

MESSRS. G. LANGLEY (Chairman), C. F. FEATHERSTONHAUGH, J.P.,
Chairman of the Council, C. E. BAYES, C. E. GRIMMER, J. W. CROUCH
and MRS. B. NEVILLE.

Public Health Officers of the Local Authority :

Medical Officer of Health,

JOSEPH THOMAS WILLIAM REID, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

also holds appointments of

Medical Officer of Health, Borough of Higham Ferrers.

Medical Officer of Health, Wellingborough Urban District Council.

Medical Officer of Health, Rushden Urban District Council.

Medical Officer of Health, Wellingborough Rural District Council.

Assistant School Medical Officer.

Sanitary Inspector, Meat Inspector, Surveyor, etc.,

EDWARD TURNBULL, A.R.San.I., M.S.I.A.

Certified Sanitary Inspector.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT,
SWANSPOOL,
WELLINGBOROUGH.

July, 1948.

**To the Chairman and Councillors of the Urban District Council of
Irthlingborough.**

MR. CHAIRMAN, MRS. NEVILLE AND GENTLEMEN,

I have the honour to present my second and last Annual Report on the health and sanitary circumstances of the district for the year ended 31st December, 1947.

The vital statistics are generally satisfactory. The birth rate is 17.64. The recorded death rate is 12.26. The birth rate for 1947 was 5.38 in excess of the death rate. The infant mortality is 23.52 per thousand related live births.

Apart from an outbreak of Whooping Cough the incidence of the zymotic diseases continues at a very low level.

My tenure of office with the Council has been a very pleasant one and I am grateful to the members of the Council for the support which I received during the past 2 years. I acknowledge also the assistance and advice which it has been my good fortune to receive from Mr. W. Wilson, Clerk of the Council, The Sanitary Inspector, Mr. E. Turnbull, and other officials of the Council.

Your obedient servant,

J. T. W. REID,

Medical Officer of Health.

SECTION A.

NATURAL AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS.

Area—The area of the district is 2,910 acres.

Population—The Registrar-General estimated the resident mid-year population for 1947 to have been 4,812 persons as compared with 4,700 in 1946. The natural increase in population, the excess of births over deaths, amounted to 26.

Deaths—The total number of deaths assigned to the district after adjustment for outward and inward transferable deaths by the Registrar-General was 59, as compared with 51 in 1946. The recorded death rate, based on the estimated population, was 12.26 per thousand as compared with 10.85 for 1946. The following table shows the death rates for 1943-47 together with the comparative rates for the Administrative County and for England and Wales :

Death Rates, 1943-47.

<i>Irthlingborough</i>					<i>Administrative County & England & Wales</i>	
<i>Year</i>	<i>Total</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Recorded Rate</i>	<i>Recorded Rate</i>	
1943	60	26	34	13.2	12.3	12.1
1944	62	35	27	13.6	12.6	11.6
1945	59	29	30	13.3	12.34	11.4
1946	51	23	28	10.85	12.00	11.5
1947	59	26	33	12.26	12.43	12.0

A list of the causes of death classified according to the International List of Causes of Death, 1938, is given in Table No. 1, page 14.

Births—The number of live births assigned to the district was 85 as compared with 79 in 1946. The number of births registered was equivalent to 17.64 per thousand of population, as compared with the rate of 20.5 for England and Wales. With the exception of 1942 and 1943, this is the highest number of births recorded in the district since 1922. The trend of the birth rate, together with other vital statistics are given in Table No. 2, page 15.

Stillbirths—There were no stillbirths during 1947.

Maternal Mortality—No deaths were ascribed to puerperal causes or other conditions associated with childbirth.

Infant Mortality Rate—The number of infants who died before attaining their first birthday were 2 girls. The rate per thousand total live births was 23.52. The local rates for the years 1943-47, together with comparative rate, are as follows :

	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947
Irthlingborough ...	23.25(2)*	27.25(2)*	54.05(4)*	25.31(2)*	23.52(2)*
Administrative County	40.40	38.00	39.17	19.17	20.42
England and Wales ...	49.00	46.00	46.00	43.00	41.00

* *Number of Deaths.*

SECTION B.

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES.

Laboratory Facilities—The laboratory work associated with the diagnosis of infectious diseases and the bacteriological examination of water supplies is carried out by the Emergency Public Health Laboratory, Northampton General Hospital, and Chemical examination of the water supply is carried out by the Clinical Research Association in London. Examination of the sewage and the effluent from the sewage works is carried out by Messrs. Rideal, Rideal and Sciver of London. Samples of milk are examined at the County Council's Laboratory, Northampton.

Diphtheria Antitoxin—A supply of antitoxin is kept at the Public Health Department, Swanspool, Wellingborough, and at the Fever Hospital, Wellingborough. The antitoxin is available free of charge to Medical Practitioners for use in the town.

Ambulance Service—The ambulance service for accidents and non-infectious diseases is provided by St. John Ambulance Brigade who maintain a 25 h.p. Vauxhall Ambulance. The extent of the work is indicated by the following particulars :

		1943	1944	1945	1946	1947
Journeys	...	89	81	76	60	66
Mileage	...	2701	2607	2055	1563	1862

Cases of Infectious Disease are removed by ambulance provided by the East Northants Joint Isolation Hospital Board.

Nursing in the Home—The Irthlingborough Nursing Association which is affiliated with the Northamptonshire Nursing Association, employs a Queen's Nurse who is State Registered and holds the Certificate of the Central Midwives Board. Details of the work from 1st April, 1947, to 31st March, 1948, are as follows :

Cases Nursed

General 41	Midwifery 17	Maternity 44	Total Visits 2,100
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Treatment Centres and Clinics—The Child Welfare Clinic is held by the County Council at the Church School on the First and Third Thursday of each month. There is no Antenatal Clinic at Irthlingborough, but expectant mothers attend the Clinic at Wellingborough or Rushden. Orthopaedic cases attend the Manfield Orthopaedic Clinic held at Rushden on alternate Fridays.

Hospital Accommodation for Infectious Diseases—Hospital accommodation is provided by the East Northants Joint Isolation Hospital Board at their hospital at Finedon Road, Wellingborough. No cases were admitted from the town during 1947. The precept levied on the Council by the Board was £129.

SECTION C.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

Water Supply—There were no changes in the sources of supply or methods of treatment which were described in detail three years ago. The daily consumption per head of population for domestic purposes was 27 gallons and for trade purposes 22.2 gallons. All water pumped into supply for domestic use is filtered and chlorinated. The water supply was examined at the Public Health Laboratory Northampton and fell into Class I of the Ministry of Health's classification for piped water supplies. Chemical analysis was carried out and showed that the water from the main supply well has a total hardness of 47.5 and that from the subsidiary supply well to have a hardness of 39 parts per 100,000. This water may be classified as a very hard water. It is desirable that water with a hardness of over 30 parts per 100,000 should be softened for domestic use. 964 houses have a piped supply ; 454 houses are dependent on standpipes, while 10 houses are without access to a piped supply.

Drainage, Sewerage and Sewage Disposal—All houses and factories are on the water carriage system with the exception of the outlying farms. The old pumping plant adjoining the sewage works is in operation. The work on the reconstruction of the electric sewage pumping station, demolished by enemy action in 1940, will be commenced in 1948. The total volume treated at the sewage works was 66,290,000 gallons. Samples of the final effluent were taken, one was unsatisfactory, but the subsequent sample was satisfactory and complied with the general standards of the Royal Commission.

Disinfection—No disinfecting apparatus is maintained by the Council. Concurrent and terminal disinfection is carried out with liquid and gaseous disinfectants as the occasion demands.

Movable Dwellings, Public Health Act, 1936, S.269—No licences were granted and no notices were served.

Public Cleansing—House refuse is removed by a 50 cwt. Bedford motor lorry to the Hayway tip, where controlled tipping is carried out as far as covering material is available. The number of loads collected was 769. The refuse tip is too near the town and another site has been obtained. Further details of sanitary inspections are given in Table No. 4, page 17.

Eradication of Bed Bugs—No case of *Cimex lectularius* came to notice.

Rats and Mice (Destruction) Act, 1919—Infestation Order, 1943—The whole of the sewerage system, the sewage disposal works and the refuse tip have been treated for the destruction of rats.

SECTION D.

HOUSING

The housing problem remains acute. At the end of 1947 the Council had 238 applicants for houses. During 1947 work was commenced on the construction of 72 traditional type houses and 96 permanent pre-fabricated houses. None of these was completed during the year. Four houses were commenced by Private Enterprise.

The Council still await the confirmation of 12 Clearance Areas.

SECTION E.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

Milk Supply—Samples of milk taken during the course of delivery to the consumers have been submitted at regular intervals to the County Laboratory for examination as to cleanliness and keeping quality. The samples were submitted to the Methylene Blue Test. Of the 43 samples examined, 36 were designated as Good.

	1945	1946	1947
Good	21	28	36
Moderate	4	2	6
Bad	6	0	1
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total	31	30	43
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

Livestock (Restriction on Slaughtering) Order, 1940—No meat inspection is carried out locally. The meat for the town is inspected at the Rushden Co-operative Society's Slaughterhouse which is controlled by the Ministry of Food.

Food Inspection—Details of the unfit food voluntarily surrendered is given in Table No. 4, page 17. There were no seizures of unfit food during the year. Three samples of Dried Egg were taken and submitted to the Public Health Laboratory for examination. No pathogenic organisms were isolated in any of the samples.

SECTION F.

PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER, INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

Smallpox—No cases were notified.

Scarlet Fever—There was 1 case of Scarlet Fever.

Diphtheria—It is gratifying to report that no cases have occurred since 1938, when 5 cases were notified.

Diphtheria Prophylaxis—The following table gives details of the progress of immunisation amongst the child population as at 31 December, 1947 :

Immunisation in Relation to Child Population.

Number of Children who had completed a full course of Immunisation at any time up to 31 December, 1947

Age at 31:12:47 i.e. Born in Year ...	<i>Under</i> 1 1947	1 1946	2 1945	3 1944	4 1943	5 to 9 1938-1942	10 to 14 1933-1937	<i>Total</i> <i>under 15</i>
Number Immunised	1	26	40	42	48	253	332	742
Estimated mid-year population 1947	380					600		

The above statistics take no account of children immunised by private arrangements.

Measles—One case was notified.

Pertussis (Whooping Cough)—40 cases were notified as against 21 in the previous year. All occurred in the last 3 months of the year.

Erysipelas—No cases were notified.

Pneumonia—10 cases of Pneumonia were reported. One death was ascribed to Pneumonia as the primary cause of death.

Influenza—No notification was received.

Details of the age groupings and monthly incidence for the Infectious Diseases are given in Table Nos. 5 and 6, page 18.

Tuberculosis—No action was taken under the Public Health (Prevention of Tuberculosis) Regulations, 1925, or under Section 172 of the Public Health Act, 1936.

There were 4 (3 male, 1 female) new cases notified as against 11 the previous year. They had pulmonary infections. There was 1 death—last year there were 3 deaths from tuberculosis.

At the end of the year there were 44 cases on the Tuberculosis Register, 37 Pulmonary (23 male and 14 female) and 7 Non-pulmonary (5 male and 2 female). The age grouping and sex incidence for new cases and deaths from Tuberculosis are given in Table No. 7, page 19.

Five people from Irthlingborough were admitted to Rushden House Sanatorium and 4 were discharged during the year.

SECTION G.

THE FACTORIES ACT, 1937.

In the case of all factories, the provisions as to Sanitary Conveniences are on the whole satisfactorily maintained. In those factories where mechanical power is not used provisions as to—cleanliness, number employed, temperature, ventilation and drainage of floors—there was no cause for serious complaint. There was no action necessary in respect of homework (Sections 110 and 111). Form 572(Revised) has been abridged and is given as Table No. 3, page 16

SECTION H.

STATISTICAL TABLES, 1947.

TABLE No. 1.

CAUSES OF DEATH.

<i>Causes of Death.</i>						<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Total</i>
1.	Typhoid and para-typhoid fevers	...	...			—	—	—
2.	Cerebro-spinal fever	...	...	...	...	—	—	—
3.	Scarlet fever	...	...	...	...	—	—	—
4.	Whooping cough	...	...	...	...	—	—	—
5.	Diphtheria	...	...	...	...	—	—	—
6.	Tuberculosis of respiratory system	...	...			—	1	1
7.	Other forms of tuberculosis	...	...	...	...	—	—	—
8.	Syphilitic diseases	...	...	...	...	—	—	—
9.	Influenza	...	...	...	...	—	—	—
10.	Measles	...	...	...	...	—	—	—
11.	Acute polio-myelitis and polio-encephalitis	...				—	—	—
12.	Acute infective encephalitis	...	...	...		—	—	—
13.	Cancer of buccal cavity and oesophagus (M)					1	—	1
	uterus (F)	...				—	—	—
14.	Cancer of stomach and duodenum	...	...			1	—	1
15.	Cancer of breast	...	...	...	...	—	—	—
16.	Cancer of all other sites	...	...	...	...	4	3	7
17.	Diabetes	...	...	...	...	—	—	—
18.	Intra-cranial vascular lesions	...	...	...	...	3	3	6
19.	Heart disease	...	...	...	...	6	17	23
20.	Other diseases of circulatory system	...	...			2	—	2
21.	Bronchitis	...	...	...	...	—	—	—
22.	Pneumonia	...	...	...	...	—	1	1
23.	Other respiratory diseases	...	...	...	...	3	—	3
24.	Ulcer of stomach or duodenum	...	...			—	—	—
25.	Diarrhoea under 2 years	...	...	...	...	—	—	—
26.	Appendicitis	...	...	...	...	—	1	1
27.	Other digestive diseases	...	...	...	...	—	—	—
28.	Nephritis	...	...	...	...	—	—	—
29.	Puerperal and post-abortive sepsis	...	...			—	—	—
30.	Other maternal causes	...	...	...	...	—	—	—
31.	Premature birth	...	...	...	...	1	—	1
32.	Congenital malformations, birth injury and infantile diseases	...	...	...	...	—	1	1
33.	Suicide	...	...	...	...	—	—	—
34.	Road traffic accidents	...	...	...	...	—	—	—
35.	Other violent causes	...	...	...	...	1	—	1
36.	All other causes	...	...	...	...	4	6	10
ALL CAUSES						26	33	59

TABLE No. 2.

VITAL STATISTICS FOR 1947 AND PREVIOUS YEARS.

Year	Estimated Population	Births		Deaths			
		No.	Rate	Under 1 year		All Ages	
		No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate
1891	2,998	—	—	—	—	—	—
1901	4,340	—	—	—	—	—	—
1902	5,526	158	34.9	21	132.9	60	13.2
1903	4,728	152	32.1	23	151.3	63	13.3
1904	4,664	137	29.3	11	80.2	56	12.0
1905	4,664	150	32.1	14	93.3	55	11.7
1906	4,566	127	27.8	13	102.3	53	11.6
1907	4,600	111	24.1	13	117.1	57	12.3
1908	4,670	122	26.1	9	73.7	45	9.6
1909	4,750	98	20.6	8	81.6	44	9.2
1910	4,800	120	25.0	6	50.0	49	10.2
1911	4,630	124	26.7	17	137.0	56	12.0
1912	4,650	89	19.1	16	112.3	55	11.8
1913	4,675	108	23.1	5	46.2	39	8.3
1914	4,725	92	19.4	8	86.9	52	11.0
1915	4,790	95	20.1	15	157.8	60	12.5
1916	4,665	98	19.3	3	30.6	42	8.7
1917	4,445	56	11.2	6	107.1	50	11.2
1918	4,667	65	12.4	9	138.4	61	13.0
1919	5,011	73	13.9	6	82.1	50	9.9
1920	5,211	109	20.9	4	36.6	49	7.8
1921	4,911	90	18.3	6	66.6	47	9.5
1922	4,970	88	17.7	4	45.4	44	8.8
1923	4,956	69	13.9	6	86.9	50	10.0
1924	5,001	75	14.9	2	26.6	46	9.1
1925	4,946	77	15.5	5	64.9	57	11.5
1926	4,983	68	13.6	3	44.1	42	8.4
1927	4,934	79	16.0	3	37.8	57	11.5
1928	4,906	77	15.6	4	51.9	49	9.9
1929	4,934	74	14.9	4	54.0	55	11.1
1930	4,839	57	11.7	3	52.5	68	14.5
1931	4,715	64	13.5	4	62.8	50	10.6
1932	4,696	52	11.0	2	38.4	48	10.2
1933	4,679	63	13.4	1	15.8	61	13.0
1934	4,640	52	11.2	4	76.9	57	12.2
1935	4,547	55	12.0	3	56.3	46	10.1
1936	4,485	56	12.4	5	89.4	49	10.9
1937	4,484	67	14.9	2	29.8	54	12.0
1938	4,500	58	12.8	3	51.7	55	12.2
1939	‡ 4,542						
	† 4,663	70	15.4	3	42.8	49	10.5
1940	5,027	57	11.3	4	70.2	55	10.9
1941	5,237	69	13.2	6	86.9	61	11.6
1942	4,749	90	18.9	2	22.2	55	11.5
1943	4,535	86	14.8	2	23.2	60	13.2
1944	4,568	72	15.8	2	27.8	62	13.6
1945	4,427	74	16.7	4	54.1	59	13.3
1946	4,700	79	16.8	2	25.31	51	10.85
1947	4,812	85	17.64	2	23.52	59	12.26

‡ Population for calculation of Birth-rate.

† Population for calculation of Death-rate.

TABLE No. 3.

Prescribed particulars on the administration of the Factories Act, 1937, for the year, 1947.

PART I OF THE ACT

1.—**Inspections** for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Sanitary Inspectors)

<i>Premises</i>	<i>Number on Register</i>	<i>Number of</i>		
		<i>Inspections</i>	<i>Written notices</i>	<i>Occupiers prosecuted</i>
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	4	6	—	—
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	29	19	2	—
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises) ...	3	12	—	—
TOTAL ...	36	37	2	—

2.—Cases in which **defects** were found

<i>Particulars</i>	<i>Number of cases in which defects were found</i>				<i>Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted</i>
	<i>Found</i>	<i>Remedied</i>	<i>Referred To H.M. Inspector</i>	<i>By H.M. Inspector</i>	
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7) :					
(a) insufficient	—	—	—	—	—
(b) Unsuitable or defective	2	2	—	—	—
(c) Not separate for sexes	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL	2	2	—	—	—

PART VIII OF THE ACT

Outwork (Sections 110 and 111)

<i>Nature of Work</i>	<i>Section 110</i>			<i>Section 111</i>		
	<i>No. of out-workers in August list required by Sect. 110 (1) (c)</i>	<i>No. of cases of default in sending lists to the Council</i>	<i>No. of prosecu- tions for failure to supply lists</i>	<i>No. of instances of work in unwhole- some premises</i>	<i>Notices served</i>	<i>Prosecu- tions</i>
Wearing Apparel— Making, etc. ...	37	—	—	—	—	—
Cleaning and washing ...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Basket Making ...	1	—	—	—	—	—
TOTAL ...	38	—	—	—	—	—

TABLE No. 4.

**SYNOPSIS OF INSPECTIONS, Etc., MADE BY THE
SANITARY INSPECTOR.**

Factories Act, 1937—

List of Outworkers (s.110)	...	...	...	...	6
Inspection of Sanitary Conveniences, etc.	...	...	...	...	37
Informal notices served and complied with	...	...	...	...	2

Food and Drugs Act, 1938—

Slaughterhouses Licences	...	...	...	...	4
Registration of premises for manufacture and sale of Ice Cream—no new registrations during the year					

Slaughter of Animals Act, 1933—

Licensed Slaughtermen	7
-----------------------	-----	-----	-----	-----	---

Milk Acts—

Milk Special Designations Order, 1936, Supplementary Licences	1
--	-----	-----	-----	-----	---

Public Health Act, 1936—

Nuisances—drainage, repairs effected	...	...	...	...	9
Disinfection of premises after infectious diseases, etc. :					
Tuberculosis	...	...	...	...	2
Scarlet Fever	...	...	...	...	1
Other diseases...	...	...	...	...	3
				—	6
Housing Repairs—Informal Action	...	...	...	...	9

Unsound Food—

Canned foods (various)	...	...	...	...	163 lbs.
Cheese	...	...	...	...	6 lbs.

TABLE No. 5.

MONTHLY INCIDENCE OF NOTIFIABLE DISEASES.
(Other than Tuberculosis) 1947.

<i>Disease</i>	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	TOTAL
Smallpox ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Scarlet Fever ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
Pneumonia ...	4	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	10
Measles ...	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Whooping Cough	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	16	21	40
Erysipelas ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Influenza ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Diphtheria ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Polio myelitis ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTALS ...	4	—	—	4	1	—	—	—	—	3	19	21	52

TABLE No. 6.

AGE INCIDENCE OF NOTIFIABLE DISEASES.
(Other than Tuberculosis) 1947.

<i>Disease</i>	—1	—2	—3	—4	—5	—10	—15	—20	—35	—45	—65	65+	All Ages	Removed to Hospital	Deaths
Scarlet Fever ...	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
Pneumonia ...	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	2	1	2	3	10	—	1
Measles ...	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
Whooping Cough	3	8	5	5	8	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	40	—	—
Erysipelas ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Influenza ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Diphtheria ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Polio myelitis ...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTALS ...	3	8	5	5	9	13	1	—	2	1	2	3	52	—	1

TABLE No. 7.

NEW CASES OF AND DEATHS FROM TUBERCULOSIS, 1947.

<i>Age Periods</i>	NEW CASES.				DEATHS.			
	<i>Respiratory.</i>		<i>Non-respiratory.</i>		<i>Respiratory.</i>		<i>Non-respiratory</i>	
	<i>Male.</i>	<i>Female.</i>	<i>Male.</i>	<i>Female.</i>	<i>Male.</i>	<i>Female.</i>	<i>Male.</i>	<i>Female.</i>
— 1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
— 5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—25	2	1	—	—	—	1	—	—
—35	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—45	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—55	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
—65	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
+ 65	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTALS	3	1	—	—	—	1	—	—

